

The Network

Network of African National Human Rights Institutions

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Édition française incluse !!!

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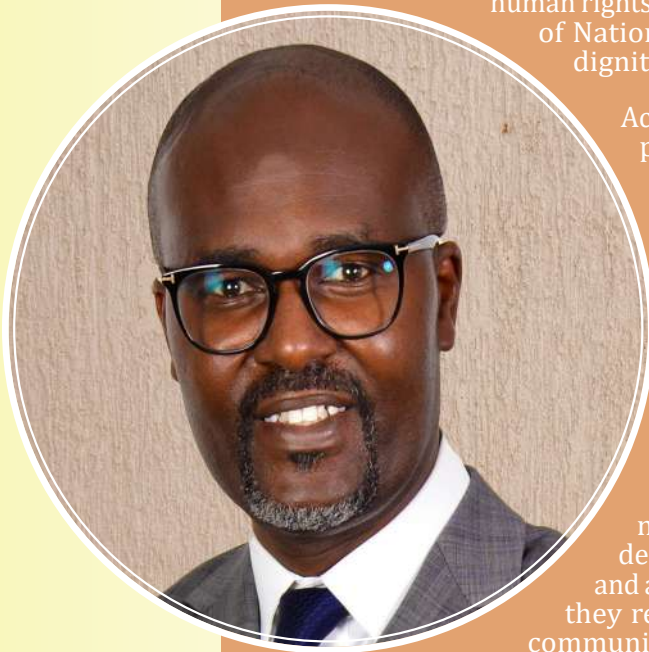
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(NANHRI).

Message from the Executive Director

Dear Members and Partners,

This second quarter of the year underscored both the complexity of the human rights landscape across Africa and the unwavering commitment of National Human Rights Institutions (NHRIs) to uphold the dignity and rights of all people.



Across the continent, NHRIs have continued to serve as vital pillars of accountability, protection, and hope. In Zambia, the Human Rights Commission has intensified efforts to safeguard human rights ahead of the 2026 General Elections, while in Burkina Faso, the CNDH has equipped human rights defenders with innovative protection and early warning mechanisms to navigate increasingly challenging crisis contexts. These initiatives reflect the determination of NHRIs to respond to emerging challenges while remaining steadfast in their mandate to protect and promote human rights.

Yet, many institutions continue to operate in environments marked by conflict, insecurity, displacement, and growing migration pressures. These realities place significant demands on NHRIs and test their independence, resources, and ability to reach those most in need. Despite these obstacles, they remain at the forefront of efforts to protect vulnerable communities, amplify the voices of those who are often unheard, and promote accountability and justice.

As these challenges evolve, so too must our collective response. NANHRI remains committed to standing alongside its members, strengthening their capacity, fostering collaboration, and supporting their critical work in advancing human rights across the continent.

Together, we will continue to champion a just, inclusive, and rights-respecting Africa.

Gilbert Sebihogo
Executive Director
NANHRI

Human Rights, Migration and the Rule of Law: Why Africa Must Choose Solidarity Over Division



By Mr Gilbert Sebihogo, Executive Director, NANHRI

Across Africa, migration continues to shape our societies, economies, and communities. People move for many reasons—seeking safety from conflict, escaping persecution, pursuing economic opportunities, reuniting with family, or responding to the growing impacts of climate change. As these movements increase, so too do the challenges of managing migration in ways that are effective, humane, and consistent with human rights.

Recent developments in South Africa remind us of the difficult questions that many countries are grappling with: How do we manage migration fairly? How do we respond to genuine socio-economic pressures without compromising human rights? And how do we ensure that fear and frustration do not undermine the rule of law?

These are not easy questions. South Africa, like many countries around the world, faces significant migration management challenges. Delays in processing asylum applications, administrative backlogs, and barriers to accessing documentation place considerable strain on both migrants and public institutions. Communities are also confronting broader socio-economic concerns, including unemployment, poverty, inequality, and pressure on public services.

Yet these challenges cannot justify discrimination, xenophobia, vigilantism, hate speech, or the denial of fundamental rights.

At moments such as these, it is important to return to a simple but powerful principle: human rights belong to everyone. Regardless of nationality, immigration status, ethnicity, race, or country of origin, every person is entitled to dignity, safety, and equal protection under the law.

This principle is reflected in South Africa's Constitution, which extends fundamental rights to

all people within the country. It is also reflected in regional and international human rights standards that recognize the rights of refugees, asylum seekers, migrants, and host communities alike.

Migration is often discussed through the lens of numbers, borders, and policy debates. Too often, however, the human dimension is lost. Behind every statistic is a person—a parent seeking security for their children, a worker pursuing opportunity, or a family searching for stability after displacement. Human rights require us to see and protect that humanity, even when public discourse becomes polarized.

This is why the role of independent National Human Rights Institutions is so important. During periods of heightened tension, institutions must continue to promote facts over misinformation, accountability over impunity, and dialogue over division. They must ensure that the rights of all people are protected while encouraging governments to address legitimate public concerns through lawful and rights-respecting measures.

In this regard, the South African Human Rights Commission (SAHRC) continues to demonstrate the importance of principled leadership. Through its monitoring efforts, engagement with affected communities, collaboration with government institutions and civil society, and advocacy for the protection of fundamental rights, the Commission is helping to ensure that human rights remain at the centre of public discourse and policy responses.

The Commission's work serves as an important reminder that defending the rights of migrants, refugees, and asylum seekers does not diminish the rights of citizens. On the contrary, the protection of rights is strongest when it is applied consistently and without discrimination. The rule of law loses its meaning when rights become conditional on nationality or public sentiment.

As migration continues to affect countries across Africa, there is also a growing need for stronger regional cooperation. Migration is rarely confined within national borders, and neither should our responses be. Governments, National Human Rights Institutions, regional bodies, civil society organizations, and international partners must work together to address the root causes of displacement, strengthen migration governance systems, counter misinformation, and promote social cohesion.

NANHRI remains convinced that migration challenges are best addressed through solidarity, cooperation, and respect for human rights. Upholding the dignity and rights of all people is not only a legal obligation—it is a reflection of the values that underpin democratic societies and a just and inclusive Africa.

Human Rights Commission of Zambia Intensifies Efforts to Safeguard Human Rights Ahead of 2026 Elections

By Muloongo Cheelo

Human Rights Advocacy Officer – Human Rights Commission of Zambia

On 13th August, Zambians will be voting in a General Election to elect a president, members of parliament, mayors, council chairpersons and councillors. It is the general expectation of everyone that the General Election will be free and fair. Although sporadic incidents of political violence were witnessed during the nomination of parliamentary candidates, the electoral environment has continued to be peaceful and stakeholders are working round the clock to ensure peace is sustained in the run-up to, during and after the General Election.

On its part, the Human Rights Commission of Zambia (HRC-Z) has intensified public awareness and capacity building measures to ensure fundamental rights and freedoms critical to holding free and fair elections are upheld.

HRC-Z is conducting stakeholders' engagement to raise awareness to promote respect for human rights related to elections. With support from the United Nations Development Programme, HRC-Z is implementing the Early Warning and Early Response System (EWER) as a conflict management and resolution mechanism aimed at addressing incidents and risks of electoral and political violence. Under EWER, 116 Human Rights Champions have been trained and deployed countrywide to monitor and document incidents of human rights violations for coordinated response.

HRC-Z has also partnered with the Geneva Centre for Security Sector Governance (DCAF), in training police officers on election security management (<https://hrc.org.zm/copperbelt-police-officers-trained-on-human-rights-and-election-security-management/>). Additionally, the Commission's staff, particularly lawyers and investigators, have been trained in conducting evidence-based investigations and litigation on reported cases of human rights violation.

To promote citizen's access to information held by public bodies of significant importance to their right to vote, HRC-Z has also strengthened its oversight role to ensure Information Holders fully comply with the Access to Information law. With support from the European Union and the German Federal Ministry for Economic Cooperation and Development through the GIZ Enabling Access to Justice, Civil Society Participation and Transparency Programme, HRC-Z is conducting sensitisation and capacity building programmes for Information Holders and Requesters to promote accountability, transparency and informed citizen participation in the electoral process.

Empowering the Next Generation: NHRC Mauritius Successfully Launches Human Rights Education in Secondary Schools



By Ms Melany Nagen
Deputy Chairperson of NHRC Mauritius

The Human Rights Division of the National Human Rights Commission (NHRC) of Mauritius has successfully launched a pioneering Human Rights Education Programme on a pilot basis in three State secondary schools, marking a significant milestone in the promotion of a culture of human rights among young people.

Developed and delivered by members and investigators of the Human Rights Division, the programme has already reached more than 400 students, receiving overwhelmingly positive feedback from both students and school administrations.

The initiative equips students with a practical understanding of human rights, equality, dignity, diversity, responsible citizenship and the rule of law.

Learners are introduced to the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, the Constitution of Mauritius, children's rights, anti-bullying strategies, gender equality, digital citizenship, online safety,

freedom of expression and the role of national institutions responsible for protecting human rights.

Beyond raising awareness, the programme encourages students to become active promoters of respect, inclusion and empathy within their schools and communities. Through interactive discussions, practical examples and real-life scenarios, learners are empowered to recognise their rights, understand their responsibilities and contribute positively to democratic society.

This initiative reflects the NHRC's conviction that human rights education is one of the most effective tools for preventing discrimination, violence and intolerance while strengthening democratic values and social cohesion from an early age.

Building on the success of the pilot phase, the Human Rights Division is advocating for the progressive integration of human rights education into the national secondary school curriculum. By investing in young people today, Mauritius is cultivating informed, responsible and compassionate citizens who will help build a more inclusive, just and rights-respecting society for future generations.



NHRC of The Gambia - Flood Victims Cries Out for Help: Fatal Human Rights and Environmental Rights Violation in Giroba Village, URR



By Mr Emmanuel Daniel Joof, Chairperson of the National Human Rights Commission of The Gambia

Flooding remains a major climate-related challenge in the Upper River Region (URR), according to the National Human Rights Commission (NHRC) Assessment Report on Climate Change and Human Rights (2025). In Giroba Village, Basse, severe flooding led to the tragic



death of eight-year-old Adama Manneh, who drowned in a rainwater retention pit constructed in 2023 during the Basse–Fatoto Road project.

Her father, Ebrima Manneh, recounted the devastating events following a heavy downpour that caused floodwaters to overwhelm the pit located just one metre from his home. After Adama went missing, community members discovered her belongings near the pit. Despite efforts to seek assistance, tensions arose with

The Manneh family says the retention pit has caused significant hardship, including the destruction of part of their home, the collapse of their pit latrine, and the loss of livestock. They also allege that authorities had promised the pit would be temporary and relocated, but no action has been taken.

NHRC investigations found that the pit remains a serious safety hazard due to its proximity to residential homes and inadequate drainage capacity. The Commission intervened following the incident, helping to ease tensions between the family and local authorities and coordinating support through the National Disaster Management Agency (NDMA).



The NHRC warns that unless urgent action is taken, the retention pit will continue to pose a significant threat to the safety and rights of the Manneh family and the wider community. Ebrima Manneh is calling for the pit to be fully covered to prevent further tragedies.

Botswana Ombudsman office intensify media and public outreach on Human Rights issues affecting children and persons in state custody.



By Ms Ipeleng Makaba, Assistant Ombudsman

In June 2026, the Office of the Ombudsman intensified its nationwide outreach, harnessing media platforms and community engagements to advance public education on human rights, increase awareness, and promote a human rights culture.



Figure 1: Deputy Ombudsman Human Rights -Ms Beaulah Mguni with Director Department of Social Development-Mr Benson Semommung.

During a Botswana Television interview geared towards promoting compliance with Botswana's Polio vaccination campaign, Deputy Ombudsman Ms. Beaulah Mguni, alongside Mr. Semommung from the Department of Social Development urged parents to set aside political, religious, or medical biases against vaccination. They emphasised that parental views should not interfere with best interests of the child, the child's right to life as well as health, as protected under the Botswana Children's Act, the African Charter on



Figure 2: Acting Assistant Ombudsman, Ms Itumeleng Makgesi and Chief Public Relations Officer, Mr Ofentse Thwabi at the Radio Botswana interview on upholding children's rights to health through Polio Immunisation.



Figure 3: Assistant Ombudsman, Ms Ipeleng Makaba at the Gabz FM radio interview.

Addressing questions on prison conditions and rehabilitation at Gabz FM, the Assistant Ombudsman emphasized that detention does not suspend human rights. The office safeguards the rights of persons in State custody by educating prisoners on human rights, ensuring access to healthcare, family contact, as well as guaranteeing confidential communication with the Ombudsman. She highlighted that these protections derive not only from Botswana's Constitution but also from international Human Rights Instruments such as The Mandela Rules. She further advised that to foster a human rights compliance culture, the Ombudsman also educates the Botswana Prison Service and Police Service on the rights of detainees.

Zimbabwe Advances National Action Plan on Business and Human Rights Through Multi-Stakeholder Capacity Building



Group Photo: Representatives of the Zimbabwe Human Rights Commission, led by Chairperson of the Environmental Rights Thematic Working Group, Commissioner Anele Ndebele, Deputy Executive Secretary (Programmes) Mr. Erick Mukutiri, and Deputy Director Ms. Sandra Moyo, together with representatives from the Network of African National Human Rights Institutions (NANHRI), Ms. Furaha Charo and the Danish Institute for Human Rights (DIHR) Mr. Bernard Ochieng, during the Multi-Stakeholder Training on the National Action Plan Development Process on Business and Human Rights held in Kadoma, Zimbabwe, from 17–19 June 2026.

Ms Sandra Moyo, Deputy Director for Complaints Handling and Investigations

The Zimbabwe Human Rights Commission (ZHRC), in partnership with the Ministry of Justice, Legal and Parliamentary Affairs (MoJLPA), successfully convened a three-day Multi-Stakeholder Training on the National Action Plan (NAP) Development Process on Business and Human Rights from 17–19 June 2026 in Kadoma. The training was supported by the Network of African National Human Rights Institutions (NANHRI) and the Danish Institute for Human Rights (DIHR).

The workshop brought together representatives

development partners to strengthen national capacity for developing Zimbabwe's first National Action Plan on Business and Human Rights.

Participants received practical training on the United Nations Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights (UNGPs), the role of National Action Plans in advancing responsible business conduct, and international and regional developments in the business and human rights agenda. Resource persons from NANHRI and DIHR facilitated interactive sessions, sharing comparative experiences and practical guidance on developing inclusive, evidence-based National Action Plans.

The workshop also provided a platform for stakeholders to identify Zimbabwe's priorities, strengthen coordination mechanisms, and begin developing a roadmap to guide the country's NAP process. Discussions highlighted the importance of policy coherence, stakeholder participation, access to remedy, and the need for a comprehensive National Baseline Assessment to inform the Plan.

ZHRC expresses its sincere appreciation to NANHRI and DIHR for their invaluable technical and financial support, which continues to strengthen the capacity of National Human Rights Institutions in advancing the Business and Human Rights agenda across Africa. The Commission also commends the Ministry of Justice, Legal and Parliamentary Affairs for its leadership and collaboration in steering this important national process. As Zimbabwe progresses towards developing its first National Action Plan on Business and Human Rights, the partnerships fostered through this initiative will contribute to promoting responsible business conduct, protecting human rights, and advancing sustainable and inclusive development.

Eswatini Advances Momentum Toward a Stronger National Human Rights Institution



The NANHRI Executive Director, Gilbert Sebihogo with the Justice Minister and Commissioners

By Mr Phakama Shili, Executive Secretary, Eswatini Commission on Human Rights & Public Administration/Integrity

The Eswatini Commission on Human Rights and Public Administration/Integrity hosted the Executive Director of the Network of African National Human Rights Institutions, Mr. Gilbert Sebihogo, for a strategic advocacy visit aimed at advancing the adoption of Paris Principles-compliant enabling legislation.

The visit took place at a critical moment as Eswatini works toward adopting the Human Rights Bill, a key legislative step to operationalise and strengthen the Commission. In strategic engagements with the Prime Minister, Minister of Justice, Speaker of Parliament, President of the Senate, Members of the Justice Portfolio Committee and civil society actors, NANHRI underscored the importance of an independent, credible and competent national human rights institution.

The central message was clear: Eswatini's legislative framework must empower the Commission to effectively promote and protect human rights, provide trusted oversight, and strengthen accountability in public administration. Stakeholders expressed strong support for the Human Rights Bill and pledged continued cooperation toward building an institution that can deliver on its constitutional and human rights mandate.



The NANHRI Executive Director with the Prime Minister of Eswatini His Excellency Russel Mmiso Dlamini

The visit aligns with NANHRI's broader mandate to support the establishment and strengthening of effective national human rights institutions across Africa. It also resonates with the Commission's work to promote human rights, equitable access to public services and accountable leadership, as reflected in its ongoing civic education, integrity and accountability engagements.

Speaking on behalf of the Commission, Commissioner Zwelethu Mnisi expressed appreciation to NANHRI and the European Union for enabling the engagement, noting the value of strategic partnerships in advancing institutional development. Commissioner Mnisi further commitment to work toward ensuring that the Commission obtains its accreditation status during his term.

The Paris Principles call for national human rights institutions to have a broad legal mandate, independence and competence to promote and protect human rights. For Eswatini, adoption of the Human Rights Bill would mark an important milestone toward a stronger, trusted and people-centred Commission capable of advancing dignity, justice and accountability for all.

Links

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Morocco's National Human Rights Council

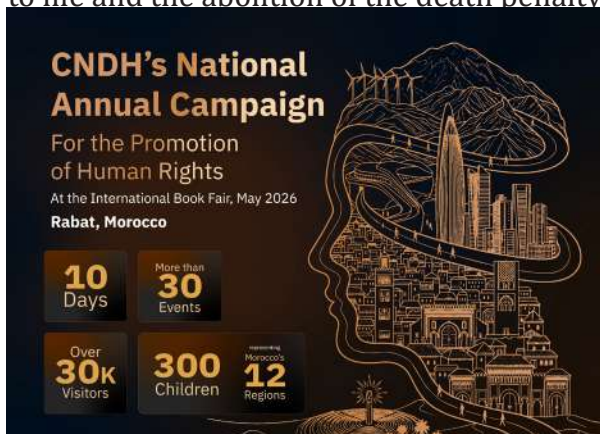
By the The National Human Rights Council of Morocco

From youth engagement activities across Morocco's twelve regions to participation in United Nations forums in Geneva and New York, Morocco's National Human Rights Council (CNDH) continued its work to promote the protection of human rights and the effective enjoyment of rights and freedoms.

From April to June 2026, the CNDH engaged more than 150 activities, averaging almost two workshops or events per day.

National Activities

During the quarter, the CNDH expanded its engagement with young people through workshops and networking activities held in all twelve regions of Morocco as part of its advocacy for the abolition of the death penalty. In May 2026, a "Youth for Abolition" movement met at the Council's headquarters in Rabat to elect four representatives to participate in the 9th World Congress against the Death Penalty. The CNDH continued to (strongly) advocate for the protection of the right to life and the abolition of the death penalty.



In May 2026, the Council launched its annual national human rights campaign during the International Book and Publishing Fair in Rabat. Through more than 100 workshops for children and over 20 discussions and public events, the CNDH pavilion brought together around 300 children and 75 experts, reaching tens of thousands of visitors. This year's campaign focused on development, culture and human rights.

As part of the campaign, the CNDH presented its new AI-powered human rights library and launched four publications, including three children's storybooks addressing digital safety



and identity.

The Council also chaired the first meeting of the Election Observer Accreditation Commission in preparation for the September parliamentary elections and signed an agreement aimed at strengthening protection and support for victims of trafficking in persons.

Regional Activities

During a conference in Kigali, Ms. Amina Bouayach, Chairperson of the CNDH, concluded her founding term as Chair of the African National Preventive Mechanisms Network. During a vibrant homage, Ms Amina Bouayach was recognized for her vision and leadership and her role in the establishment of the continent's network of National Preventive Mechanisms against torture (first of the kind around the globe).

Ms. Bouayach participated in the commemoration of the genocide against the Tutsi in Rwanda, highlighting the importance of remembrance in preventing renewed cycles of hatred and exclusion.

At its headquarter, the CNDH hosted a Syrian delegation, together with United Nations representatives, to exchange experiences and discuss Morocco's transitional justice process and best practices.

International Activities

Internationally, the Chairperson addressed the 20th anniversary session of the United Nations Human Rights Council in Geneva, the ECOSOC, and the UNDP Annual Meeting in New York. Her interventions focused on strengthening the implementation of human rights recommendations and addressing challenges related to public trust in institutions and the international system. She also addressed the International Migration Review Forum (IMRF), focusing on migrant's rights in migration governance.

The quarter concluded with recognition of the CNDH Chairperson by the United Nations in Geneva and UN Women, featuring her picture and journey for human rights and the rule of law, among 75 women leaders from around the world.

Bienvenue à l'Édition Française

Le Message du Directeur Exécutif

C

chers Membres et Partenaires,

Ce deuxième trimestre de l'année a mis en lumière à la fois la complexité du paysage des droits de l'homme en Afrique et l'engagement indéfectible des Institutions Nationales des Droits de l'Homme (INDH) à défendre la dignité et les droits de toutes et tous.



À travers le continent, les INDH ont continué à jouer un rôle essentiel en tant que piliers de la redevabilité, de la protection et de l'espoir. En Zambie, la Commission des droits de l'homme a renforcé ses efforts pour protéger les droits de l'homme à l'approche des élections générales de 2026, tandis qu'au Burkina Faso, la CNDH a doté les défenseuses des droits de l'homme de mécanismes innovants de protection et d'alerte précoce afin de faire face à des contextes de crise de plus en plus complexes. Ces initiatives témoignent de la détermination des INDH à répondre aux défis émergents tout en demeurant fidèles à leur mandat de promotion et de protection des droits de l'homme.

Cependant, de nombreuses institutions continuent d'évoluer dans des contextes marqués par les conflits, l'insécurité, les déplacements de populations et les pressions migratoires croissantes. Ces réalités exercent une forte pression sur les INDH et mettent à l'épreuve leur indépendance, leurs ressources et leur capacité à atteindre les personnes les plus vulnérables.

Malgré ces obstacles, elles demeurent à l'avant-garde des efforts visant à protéger les communautés vulnérables, à faire entendre la voix de celles et ceux qui sont souvent marginalisés, et à promouvoir la redevabilité et la justice.

À mesure que ces défis évoluent, notre réponse collective doit également s'adapter. Le RINADH reste résolument engagé aux côtés de ses membres, en renforçant leurs capacités, en favorisant la collaboration et en soutenant leur travail essentiel pour faire progresser les droits de l'homme sur le continent.

Ensemble, nous continuerons à promouvoir une Afrique juste, inclusive et respectueuse des droits de l'homme.

Gilbert Sebihogo

Directeur Exécutif

RINADH

BURKINA FASO : MÉCANISMES D'ALERTE PRÉCOCE ET PROTECTION DES DROITS HUMAINS, DES ACTEURS DÉSORMAIS MIEUX OUTILLÉS

Ziniaré, le 18 juin 2026 – La Commission nationale des droits humains (CNDH), avec l'appui du Centre pour la gouvernance du secteur de la sécurité (DCAF), a tenu du 16 au 18 juin 2026 à Ziniaré une session de formation destinée aux défenseurs des droits humains sur les mécanismes innovants de protection et d'alerte précoce en contexte de crise.



Photo de famille des participants à la session de formation

Par Wendyam Achille KABORE,
Directeur de la communication et des relations publiques de la CNDH

Présidée par le Secrétaire général de la CNDH, le camarade Paul KABRÉ, cette activité s'inscrit dans le cadre des efforts visant à promouvoir une gouvernance inclusive du secteur de la sécurité au Burkina Faso et à renforcer la protection des populations face aux défis sécuritaires et humanitaires.

Durant trois jours, les participants ont bénéficié de communications et d'échanges portant notamment sur les mécanismes de protection des défenseurs des droits humains, les systèmes d'alerte précoce et les stratégies de prévention des atteintes aux droits humains. Ces acquis devront contribuer à améliorer les capacités d'action des acteurs de terrain dans leurs interventions au profit des communautés.

À l'issue des travaux, les participants ont exprimé

leur satisfaction quant à la qualité des modules dispensés et aux connaissances acquises. Ils ont également souhaité un accompagnement continu afin de faciliter la mise en pratique des compétences développées au cours de la formation.

Le Secrétaire général de la CNDH les a exhortés à mettre en œuvre les acquis de la formation et à servir de relais auprès de leurs organisations et des populations pour la promotion des bonnes pratiques en matière de protection des droits humains et d'alerte précoce.



Le Secrétaire général de la CNDH remettant une attestation à une des participants

La cérémonie de clôture a été marquée par la remise d'attestations aux participants, en reconnaissance de leur engagement, de leur assiduité et de leur appropriation des connaissances transmises au cours de la formation.

L'Algérie, acteur engagé pour la protection de l'enfance et le développement du continent africain



Par Mme Maya Sahli-Fadel, Présidente du Conseil national des droits de l'Homme, d'Algérie

À l'occasion de la Journée de l'Enfant Africain, célébrée sous le thème « Garantir un accès universel à l'eau, à l'assainissement et à l'hygiène pour chaque enfant en Afrique », le CNDH, en partenariat avec la société civile, a organisé une excursion maritime au profit d'une centaine d'enfants, dont des enfants en situation de handicap et des enfants issus de communautés africaines réfugiées en Algérie. Cette initiative visait à promouvoir les droits de l'enfant aux loisirs, à l'inclusion et à la participation sociale dans un cadre de solidarité et de convivialité.

Le 18 juin 2026, le CNDH a poursuivi cette dynamique en organisant au siège du CNDH une rencontre de haut niveau présidée par Mme Maya FADEL-SAHLI, Présidente du Conseil National des Droits de l'Homme.

Dans son allocution d'ouverture, Mme Maya FADEL-SAHLI a rendu hommage aux enfants de Soweto, symbole de courage et d'espoir, qui se sont soulevés en 1976 pour revendiquer un enseignement digne.

Elle a souligné que les enfants constituent la véritable richesse et l'avenir du continent africain, et que leur protection, leur santé et leur épanouissement demeurent au cœur des engagements consacrés par la Charte africaine des droits et du bien-être de l'enfant et l'Agenda 2040.

La présidente a souligné les graves répercussions des changements climatiques et a appelé les États africains ainsi que leurs partenaires à adopter des mesures concrètes et urgentes.

Elle a particulièrement insisté sur l'importance



d'intégrer de manière durable les services d'eau, d'assainissement et d'hygiène dans les budgets nationaux, d'accélérer les investissements dans des infrastructures résilientes en accordant la priorité aux écoles et aux zones rurales et de renforcer les mécanismes efficaces de recours pour la protection effective des droits des enfants.

La présidente a insisté sur le fait que sans eau potable et assainissement, la santé, l'éducation et l'avenir des enfants sont compromis, invitant tous les acteurs à investir dans la jeunesse pour bâtir une Afrique durable, pacifique et prospère.

Elle a conclu en encourageant les enfants à croire en leurs rêves et à participer à la construction de leur continent.

Plusieurs participants dont M. HABIMANA Phanuel, représentant permanent de l'OMS, ainsi que Mme CISSE Mariama Mohammed, ancienne secrétaire exécutive du Comité Africain d'Experts sur les Droits et le Bien-être de l'Enfant, ont unanimement salué l'engagement exemplaire de l'Algérie en faveur des droits de l'enfant, mettant en avant son cadre juridique protecteur, ses avancées en matière de développement durable et de santé infantile, ainsi que son rôle pionnier et sa contribution remarquable à l'échelle africaine.

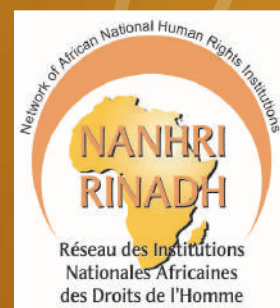
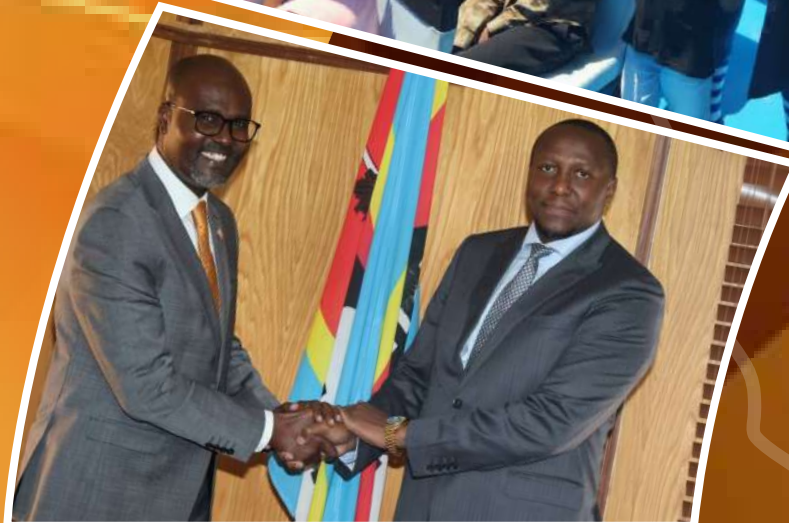
Cette rencontre témoigne du partenariat solide entre l'Algérie et les différents partenaires nationaux et internationaux en faveur des droits de l'enfant, tout en réaffirmant le rôle moteur de l'Algérie dans l'accompagnement des pays africains pour la promotion et la protection de l'enfance.

Le Réseau

des Institutions Nationales Africaines des Droits de



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